

## Salary sacrifice

# "Reap instant rewards"

The strategy in a nutshell: Salary sacrificing involves sacrificing part of the cash salary from your employer for the provision of other benefits, such as additional super contributions. In order to be effective, a salary packaging arrangement can only be prospective, that is, you can only effectively sacrifice salary you haven't yet earned. This means the lead-up to 30 June is an appropriate time to review salary packaging opportunities.

The benefits of salary sacrificing are two-fold.

Firstly, salary sacrificing to super can reduce your income tax liability. Secondly, you are increasing the level of savings within your super account.

Complying super funds are taxed at a maximum rate of 15 per cent. Compare this to your own marginal tax rate – the tax on your super is much lower. It makes sense to put additional money into super, ensuring a higher level of savings to draw on when you're ready to retire.

### The strategy

Salary sacrificing involves sacrificing part of your cash salary for the provision of other benefits. The most common benefit is additional super contributions.

You can only effectively sacrifice salary you haven't yet earned which presents two good reasons to review your salary sacrificing opportunities before 30 June 2008:

## 1. Bonuses payable before 30 June 2008

Many employees become entitled to a bonus on or around 30 June. If you haven't been informed of your bonus entitlement yet, you still have time to enter into an effective salary packaging arrangement. However, once you've been informed of your entitlement, it's too late, as the Australian Taxation Office will deem you to have already earned that income.

# 2. Remuneration arrangements for 2008-09

If your remuneration arrangement for the 2008-09 year is reviewed, and possibly adjusted around 30 June 2008, it's an ideal time to consider making additional super contributions during the coming year. You decide how much additional superannuation you wish to contribute during the coming year and it will be taken from your salary. Although your regular pay packet will be slightly reduced, you will avoid having to make one large lump sum contribution, which could impact your cash flow requirements.

#### Limitations and other considerations

There is a limit on the amount of your salary that can be sacrificed to super and be taxed concessionally at 15%, as shown in the table.

Your Age as at 30 June 2008	Maximum concessional contributions	
Under 50	\$50,000	
50 and over	\$100,000	



These limits also include any compulsory Superannuation Guarantee (SG) contributions your employer is required to pay. It is also important to realise that if your level of concessional contributions exceeds the relevant cap, the excess amount will be taxed at an additional 31.5%.

While you don't have to pay income tax personally on any amount sacrificed to super, the amount sacrificed will be taxed at 15 per cent within the super fund. However, you should compare this to the income tax you would personally have paid if you'd taken the same amount as salary. Also note that you cannot access the contributions until you are eligible to access your super savings.

#### Who benefits from salary sacrificing to super?

This strategy is available for any employee whose employer offers salary packaging arrangements. If you're unsure if this is available to you, contact your employer's Human Resources department to see what salary packaging arrangements are available and what (if any) rules are in place regarding the arrangements.

#### Case study

Peter (40) is currently employed on a base salary of \$75,000 plus \$6,750 SG contributions. Peter is considering salary sacrificing an additional \$10,000 of salary to super.

The table shows the different outcomes of Peter salary sacrificing the \$10,000 and taking the \$10,000 as part of his normal salary.

	Salary sacrificing \$10,000 to super	Taking the \$10,000 as salary
Peter's pre-tax salary	\$65,000	\$75,000
Tax payable by Peter (including Medicare levy)	\$15,075	\$18,225
Employer total contributions to super	\$16,750	\$6,750
Net super contributions (after concessional 15 per cent tax)	\$14,237	\$5,737
Peter's after-tax salary	\$49,925	\$56,775
Peter's net worth for the year (salary and super contributions)	\$64,162	\$62,512

By salary sacrificing Peter has increased his net worth by \$1,650. This represents the tax saving that has been achieved by using super as the wealth accumulation vehicle.

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